



# Particle Production of Carbon Target with 20Tto2T5m Configuration at 6.75 GeV (Updated)

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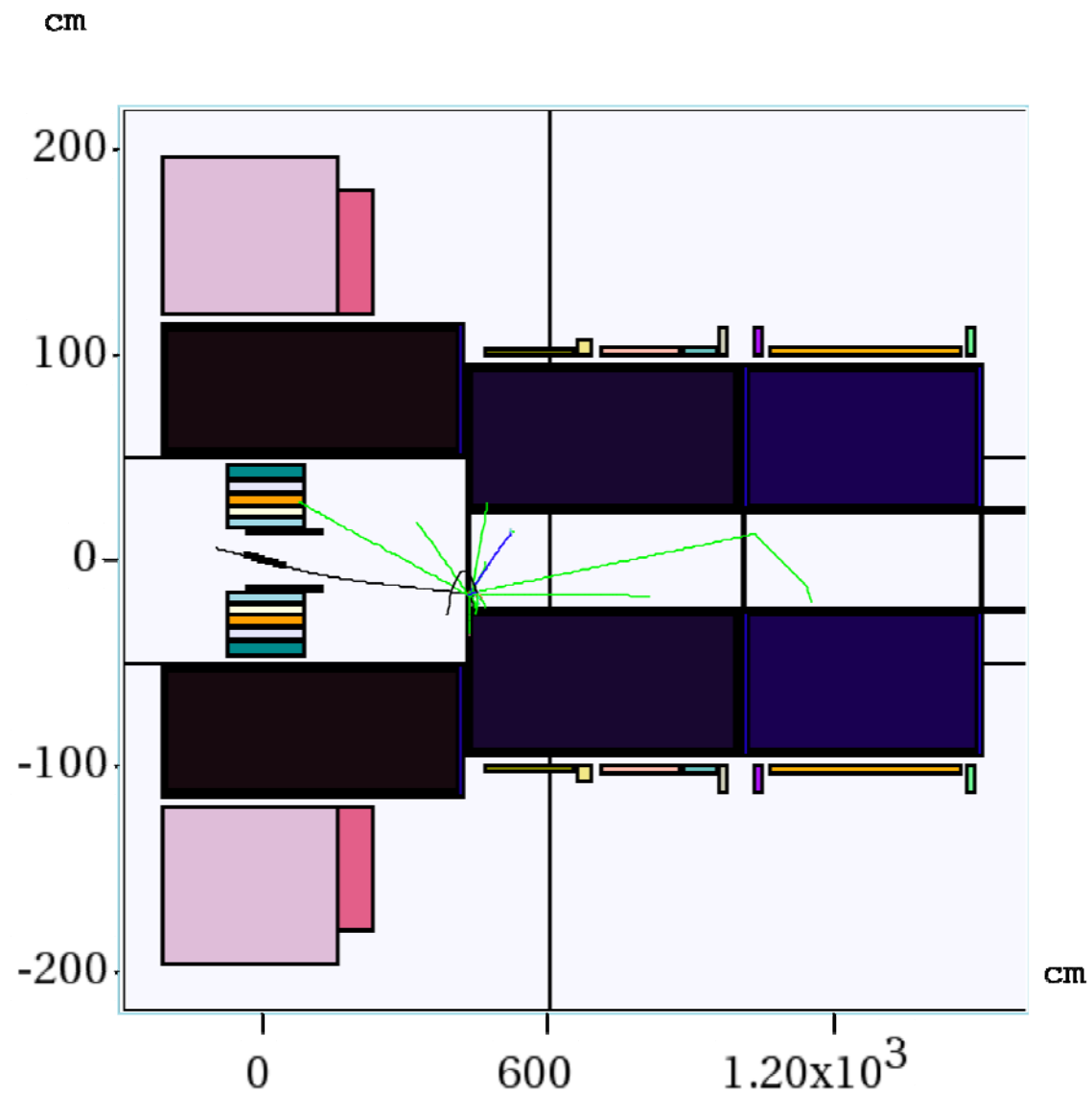
Target Studies  
May 1, 2014



# Target Setting

- 20Tto2T5m Configuration (initial beam pipe radius of 13 cm) and Fieldmap (20T→2T);
- Code: MARS15(2014) with ICEM 4 = 1;
- Proton beam: 6.75 GeV (KE) and launched at  $z = -100$  cm, Focal beam with waist at  $z = 0$  m and emittance of  $5 \mu\text{m}$ ;
- Production Collection: (50 m downstream,  $40 \text{ MeV} < \text{KE} < 180 \text{ MeV}$ ).
- Graphite density = 1.8

# Configuration



y  
↑  
z

y:z = 1:4.318e+00

# Energy Card Setting

- ENRG E0 EM EPSTAM EMCHR EMNEU EMIGA EMIEL

E0: The incident particle kinetic energy;

EM: The hadron threshold energy (Default: 0.0145 GeV);

EPSTAM: The star production threshold kinetic energy (Default: 0.03 GeV);

EMCHR: The threshold energy applied collectively to muons, heavy ions and charged hadrons (Default: 0.001 GeV);

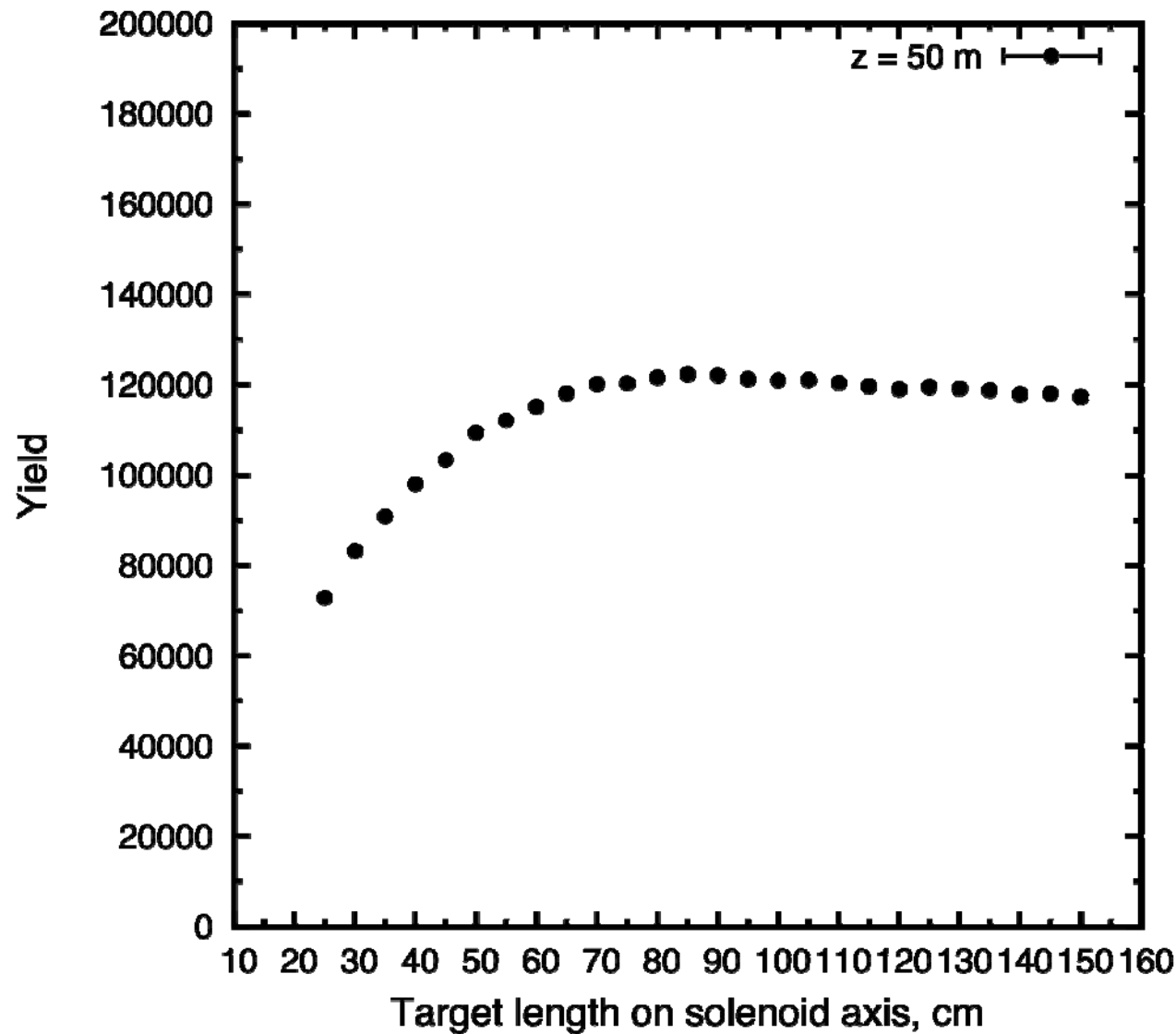
EMNEU: The threshold energy for neutrons (Default:  $10^{-4}$  GeV)

EMIGA: The threshold energy for  $\gamma$  (Default:  $10^{-4}$  GeV);

EMIEL: The threshold energy for  $e^{\pm}$  (Default:  $5 \cdot 10^{-4}$  GeV)

**Use non-default setting: ENRG 1 = 6.75, 2 = 0.02, 3 = 0.3, 4 = 0.01, 5 = 0.05, 6 = 0.01, 7 = 0.01**

# Particle Production vs. Target Length ( $10^6$ events, no beam dump)



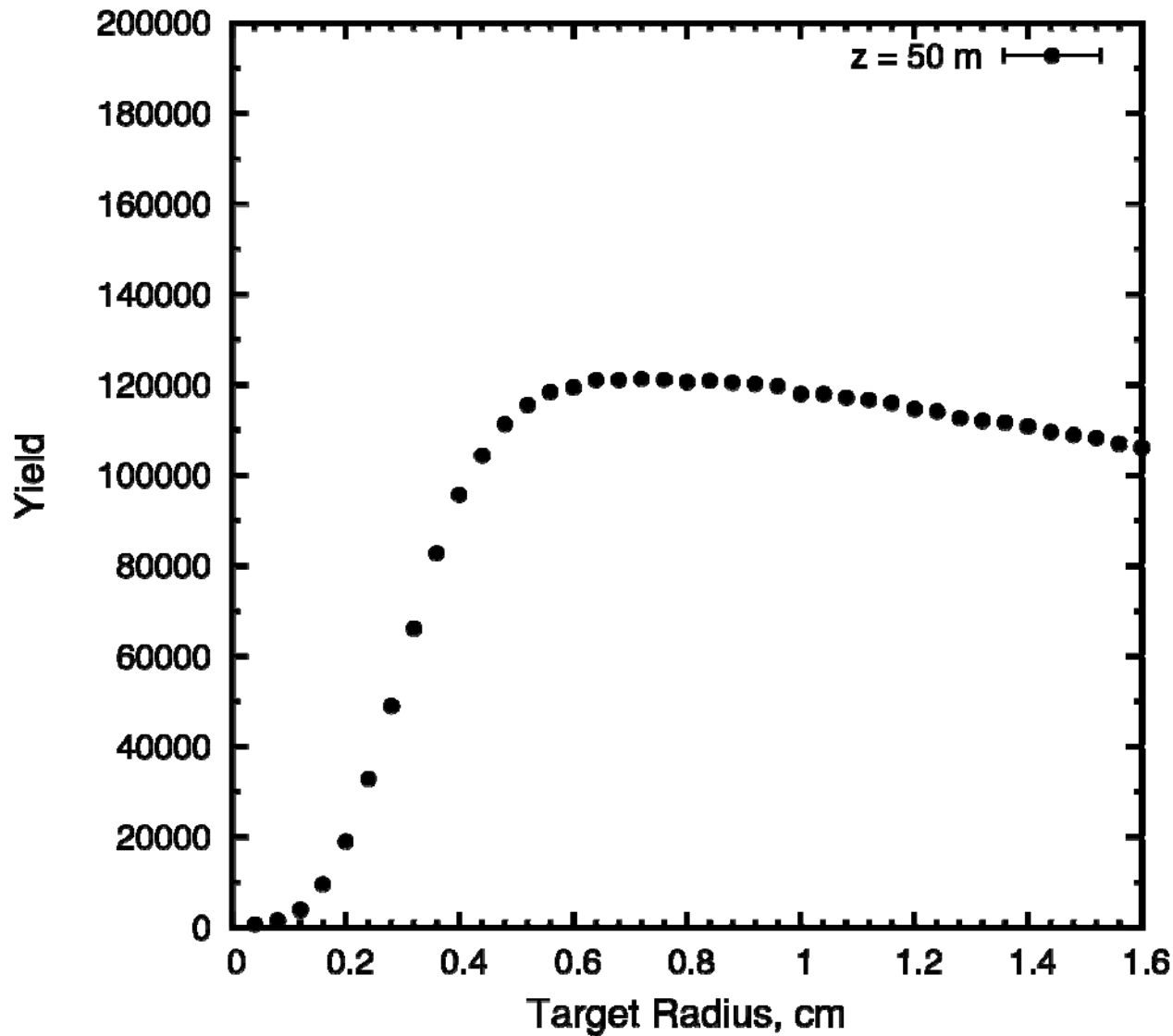
Target radius: 0.80 cm

Beam angle to SC axis:  
65 mrad

Co-linear target and beam

TR/BR = 4

# Particle Production vs. Target Radius ( $10^6$ events, no beam dump)



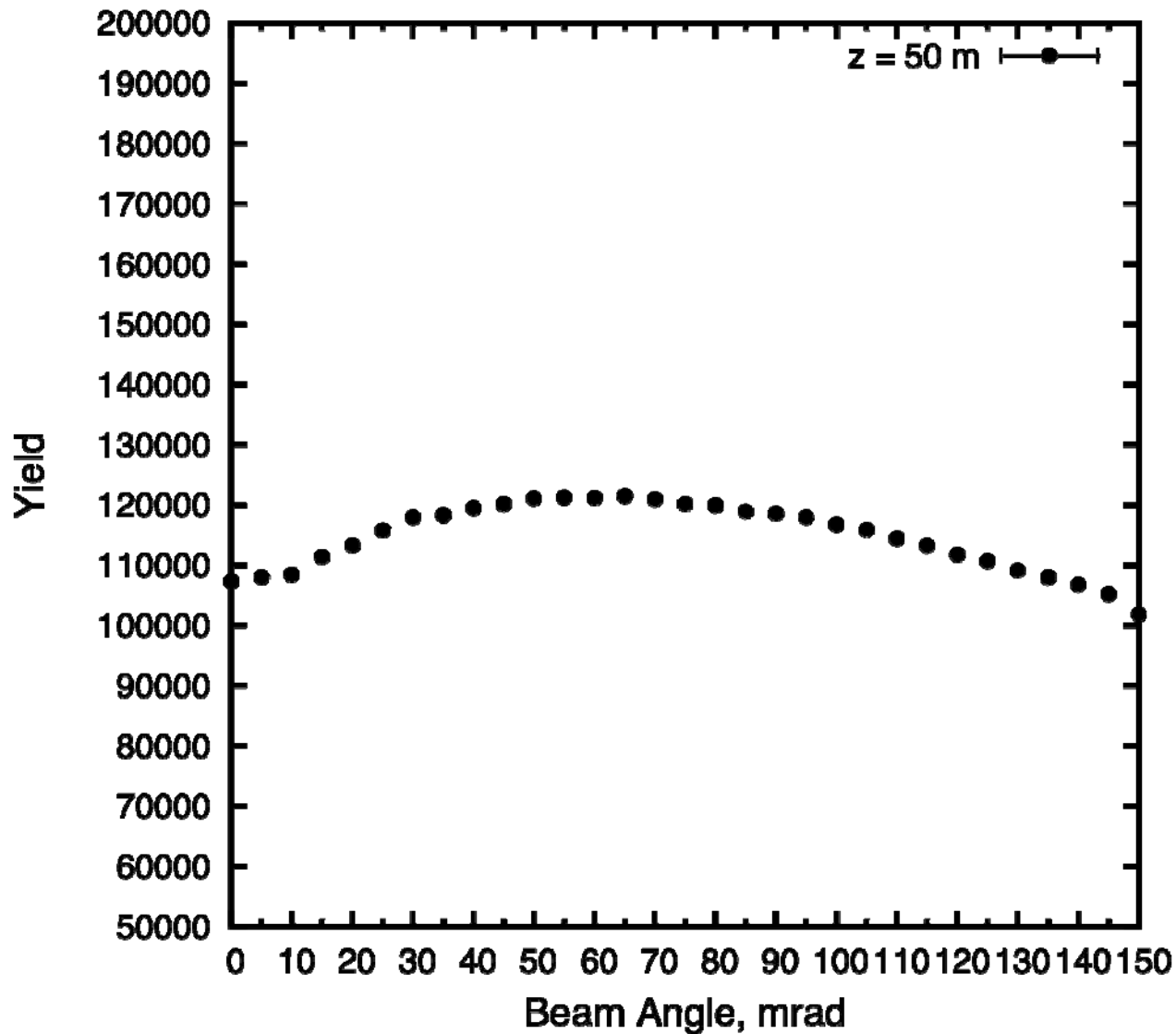
Target length: 80 cm

Beam angle to SC axis:  
65 mrad

Co-linear target and beam

TR/BR = 4

# Particle Production vs. Beam Angle ( $10^6$ events, no beam dump)



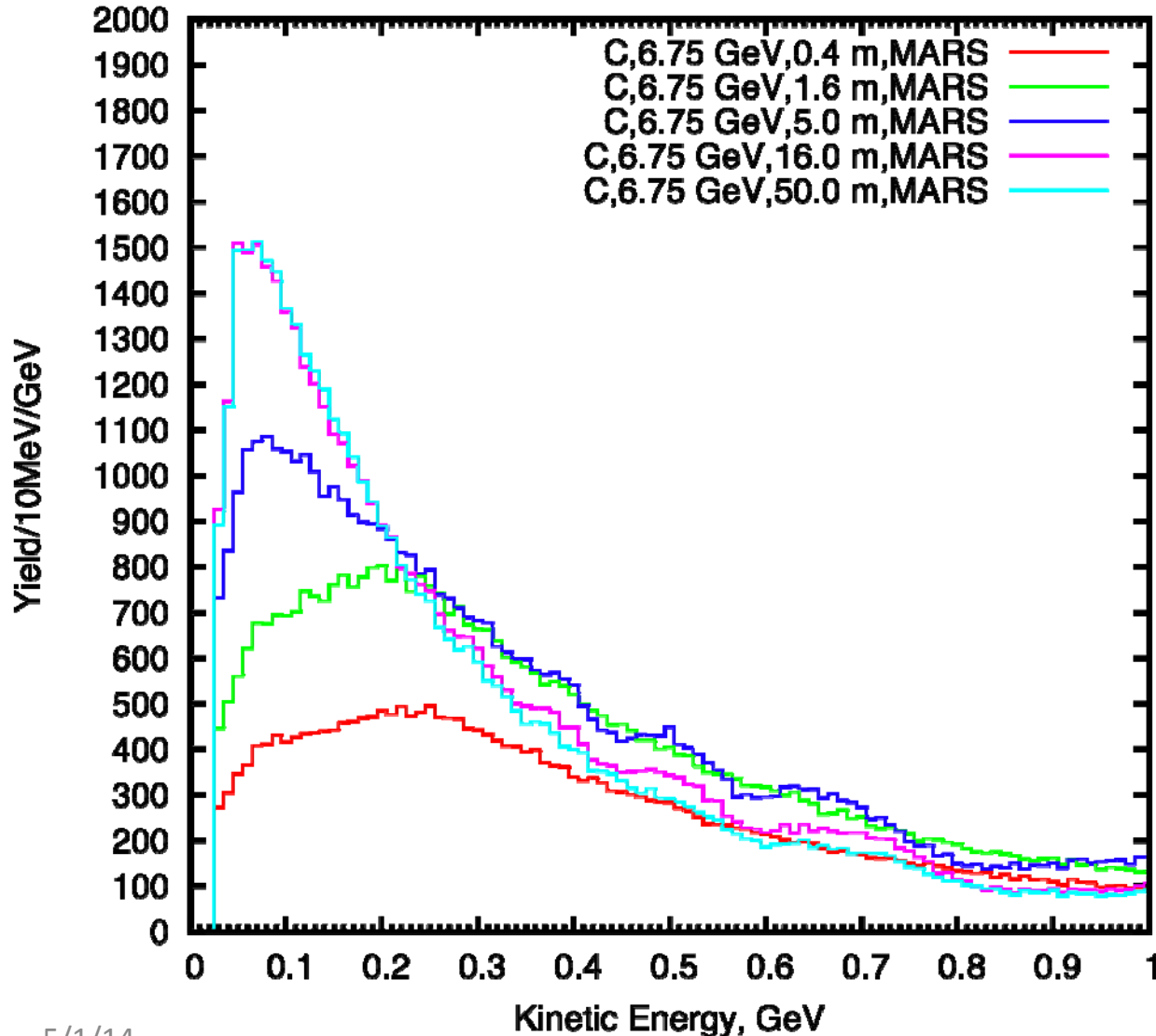
Target length: 80 cm

Target radius: 0.80 cm

Co-linear target and beam

TR/BR = 4

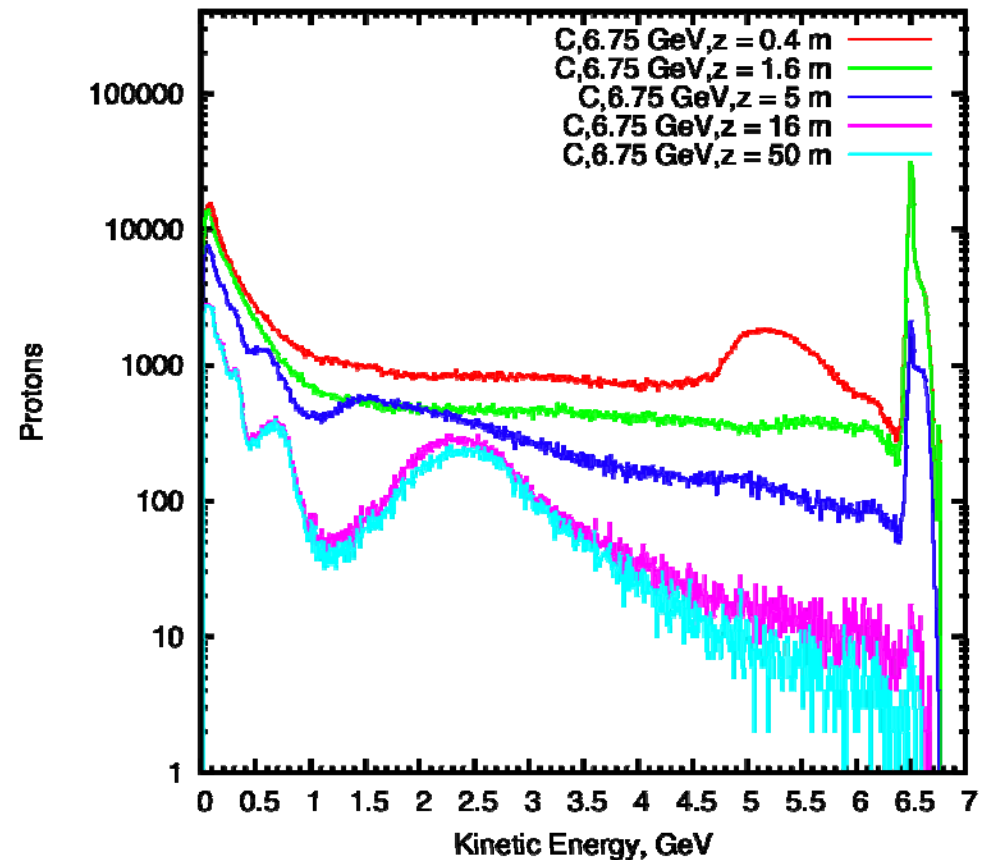
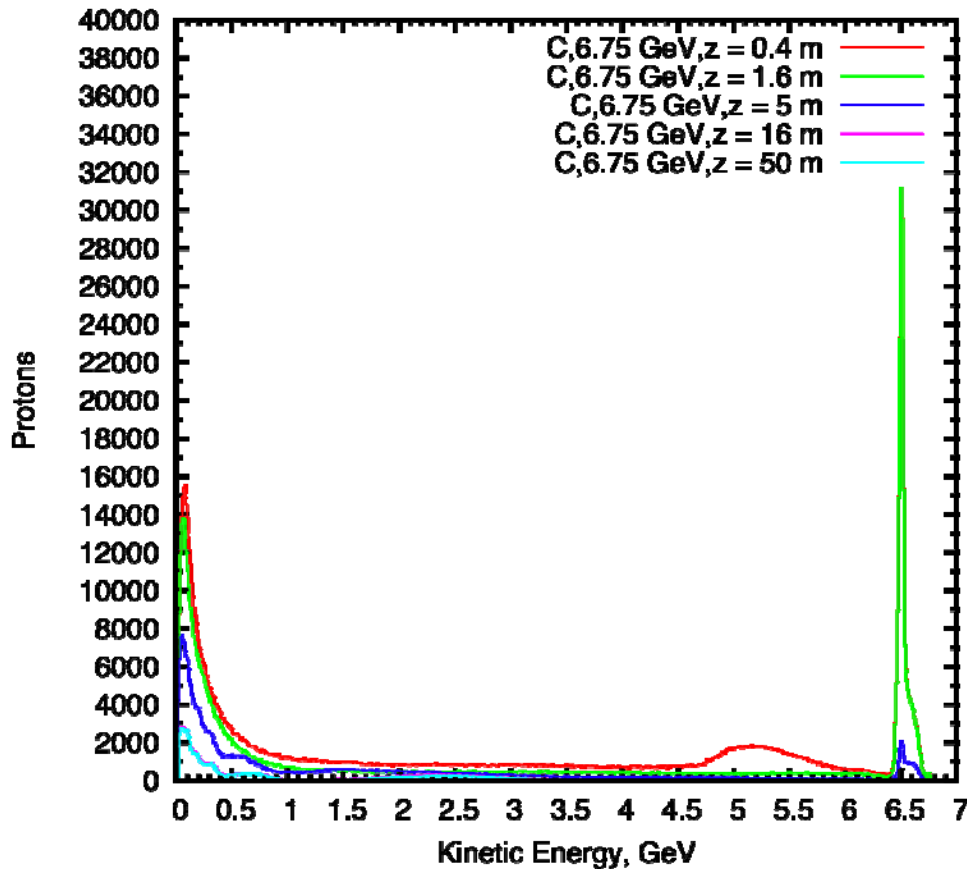
# Energy Spectra of $\pi^\pm$ , $K^\pm$ , $\mu^\pm$ ( $10^6$ events, no beam dump)



Best parameters:  
Target length: 80 cm  
Target radius: 0.80 cm  
Beam angle: 65 mrad  
Co-linear target and beam  
TR/BR = 4



# Remaining Protons ( $10^6$ events, no beam dump)



Target length: 80 cm

Target radius: 0.80 cm

Beam angle: 65 mrad

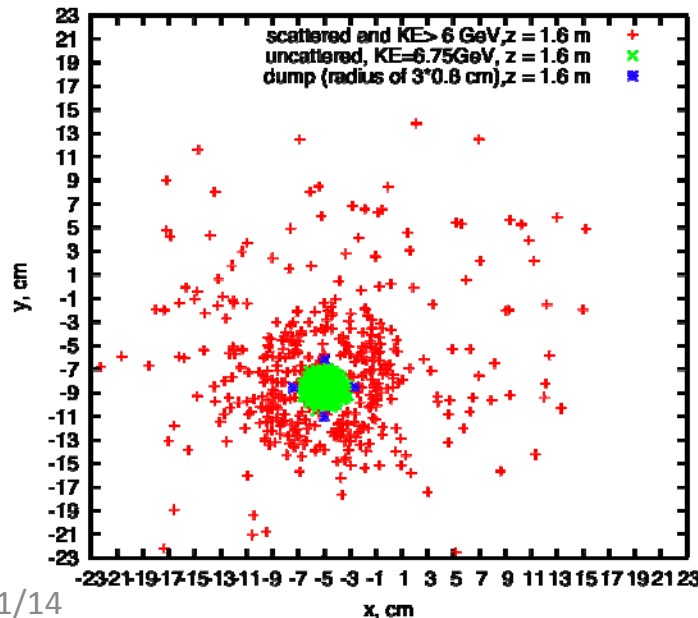
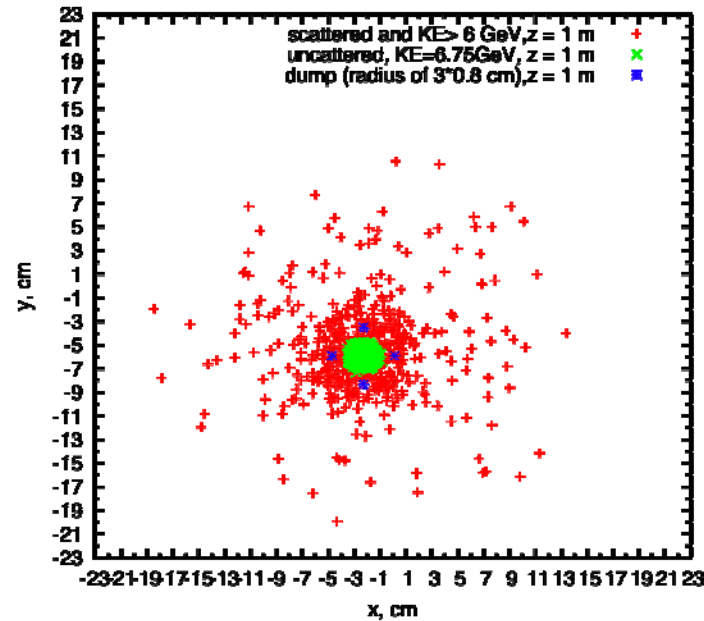
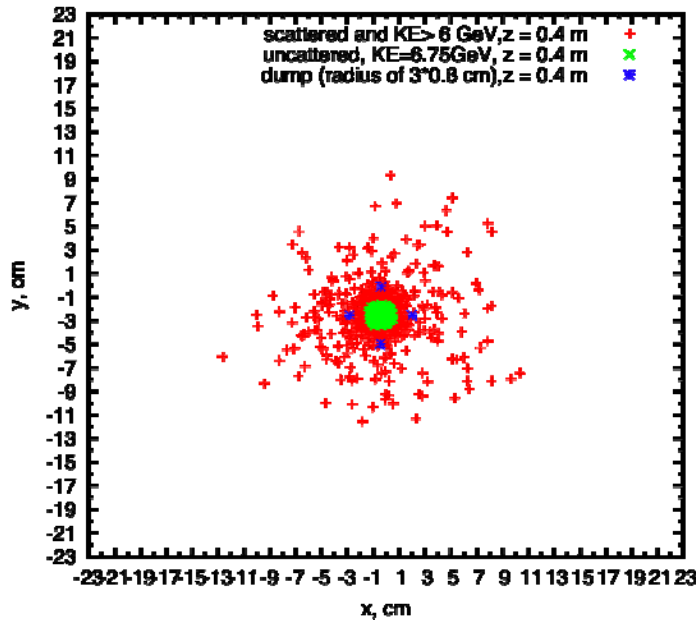
Co-linear target and beam

TR/BR = 4

Peak of protons at 6.5 GeV gone at z = 50 m (65 mrad beam angle).

If true, little/no need for beam dump.

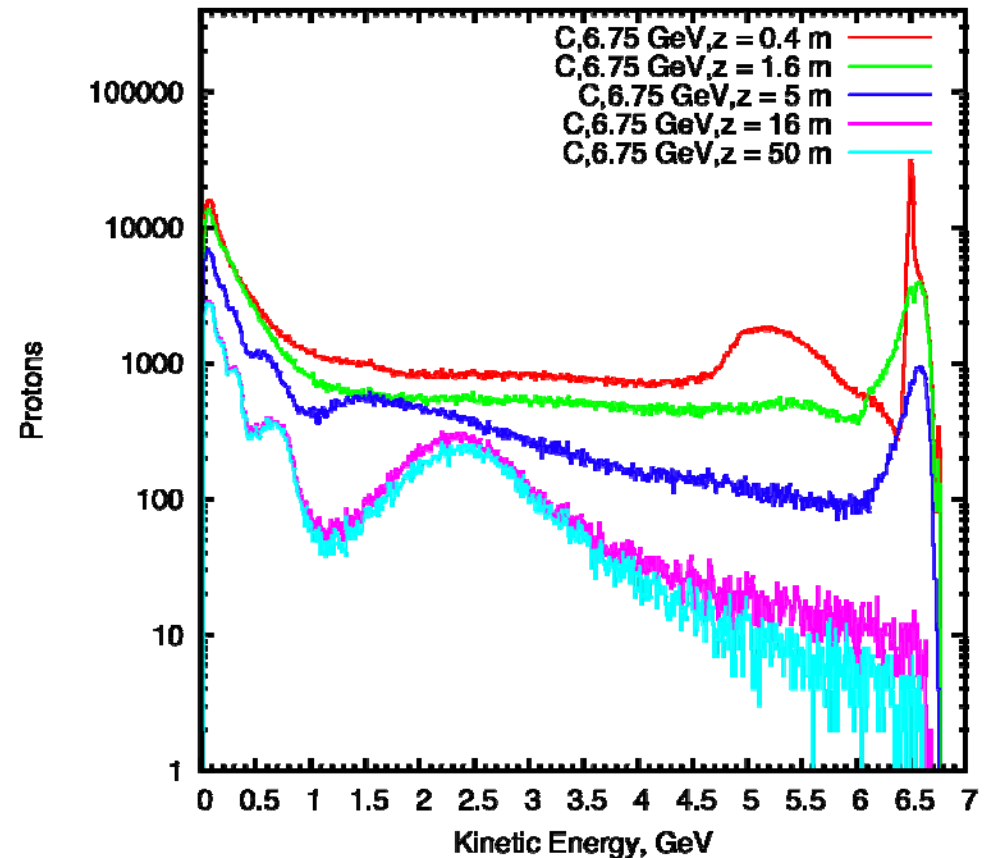
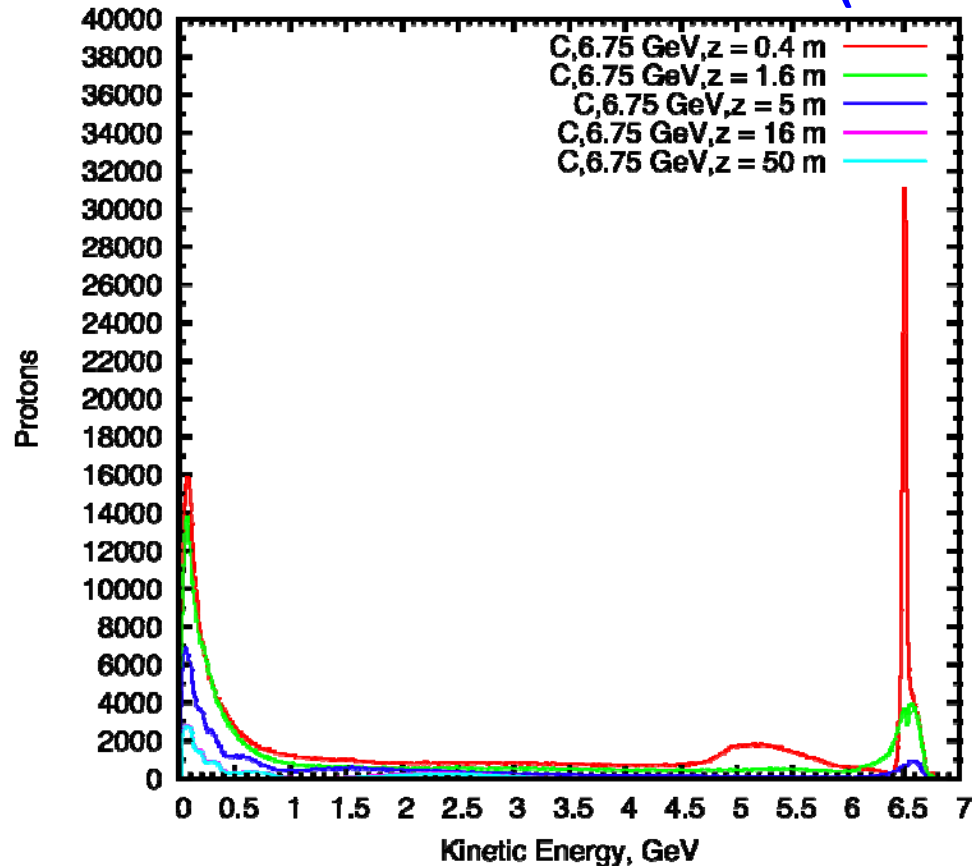
# Coordinates of beam and dump



Target length: 80 cm ( $z = -40$  cm to  $z = 40$  cm)  
Target radius: 0.80 cm  
Beam angle: 65 mrad Co-linear target and beam  
TR/BR = 4  
Beam dump rod: triple of the target radius  
( $z = 40$  cm to  $z = 100$  cm, horizontal tilt: 31.1 mrad, vertical tilt: 56.27 mrad)  
( $z = 40$  cm to  $z = 100$  cm, horizontal tilt: 44.9 mrad, vertical tilt: 44.17 mrad)

# Remaining Protons with Beam Dump

( $10^6$  events)



Target length: 80 cm ( $z = -40$  cm to  $z = 40$  cm) Target radius: 0.80 cm

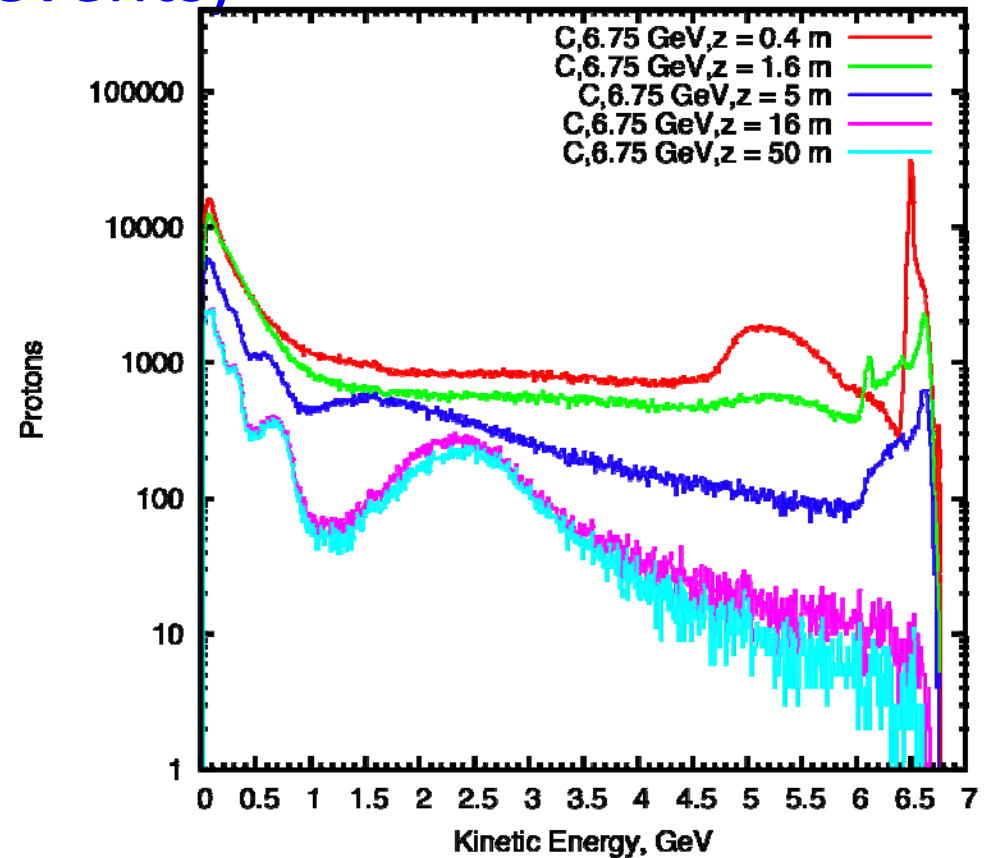
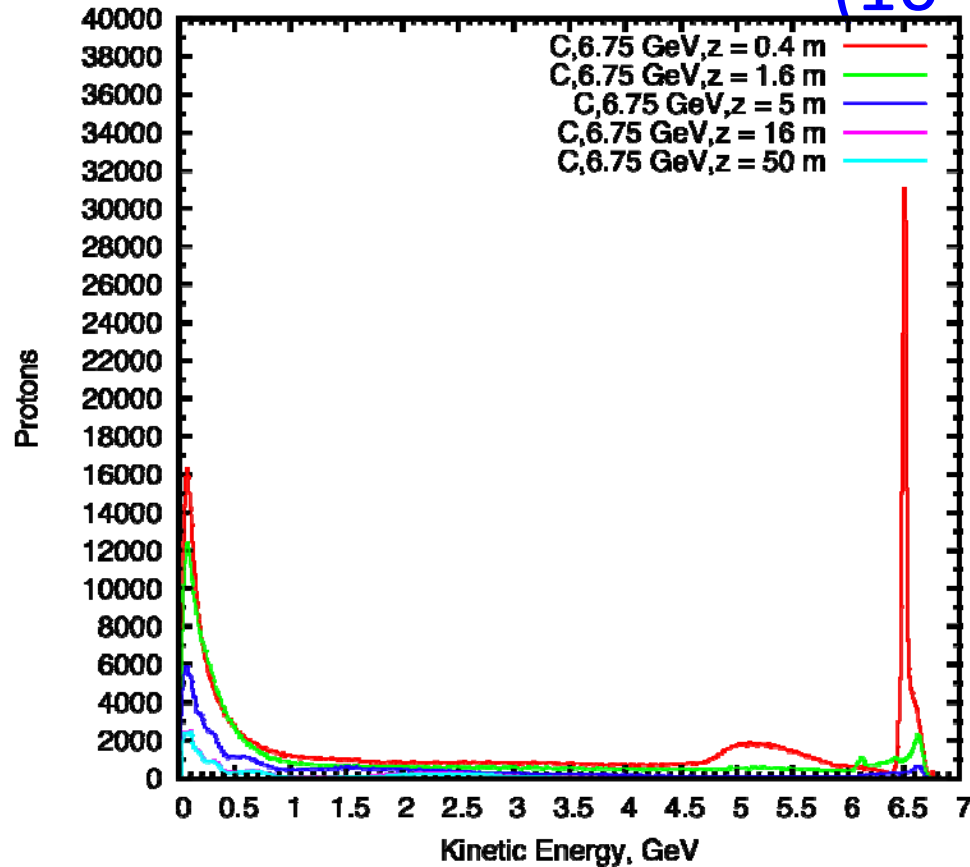
Beam angle: 65 mrad Co-linear target and beam TR/BR = 4

Beam dump rod: ( $z = 40$  cm to  $z = 160$  cm, horizontal tilt: 33.7 mrad, vertical tilt: 54.28 mrad)

**The radius of beam dump is same that of the target**

# Remaining Protons with Beam Dump

( $10^6$  events)



Target length: 80 cm ( $z = -40$  cm to  $z = 40$  cm) Target radius: 0.80 cm

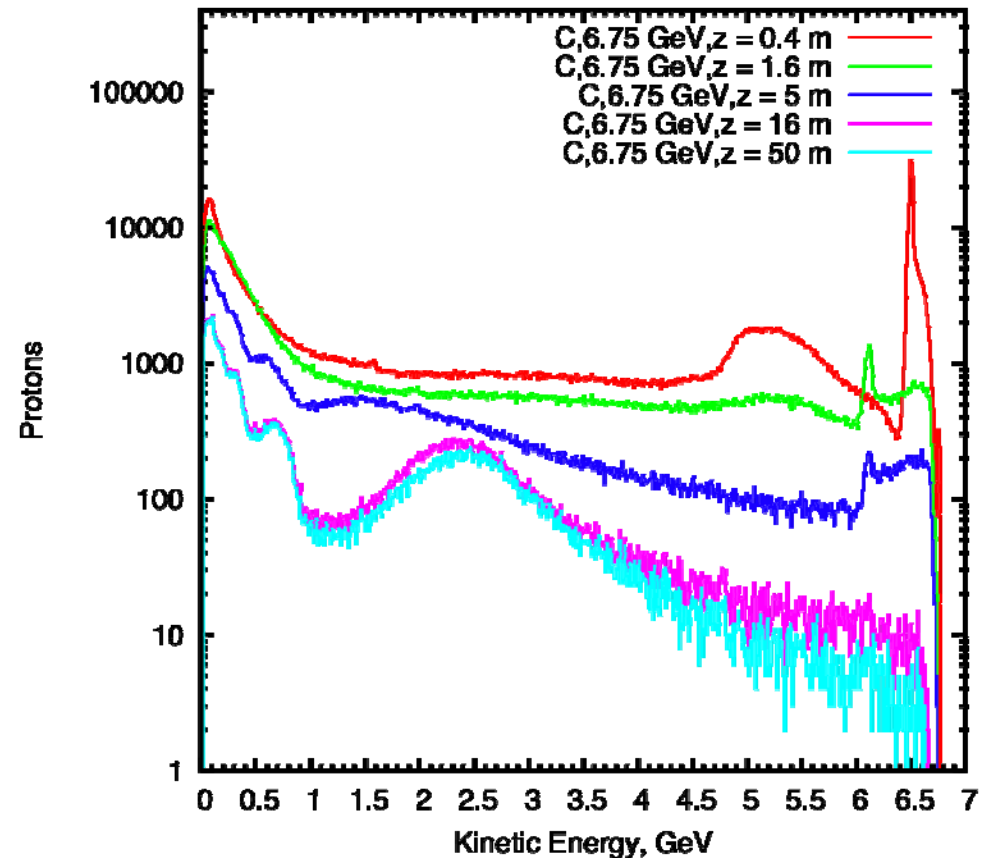
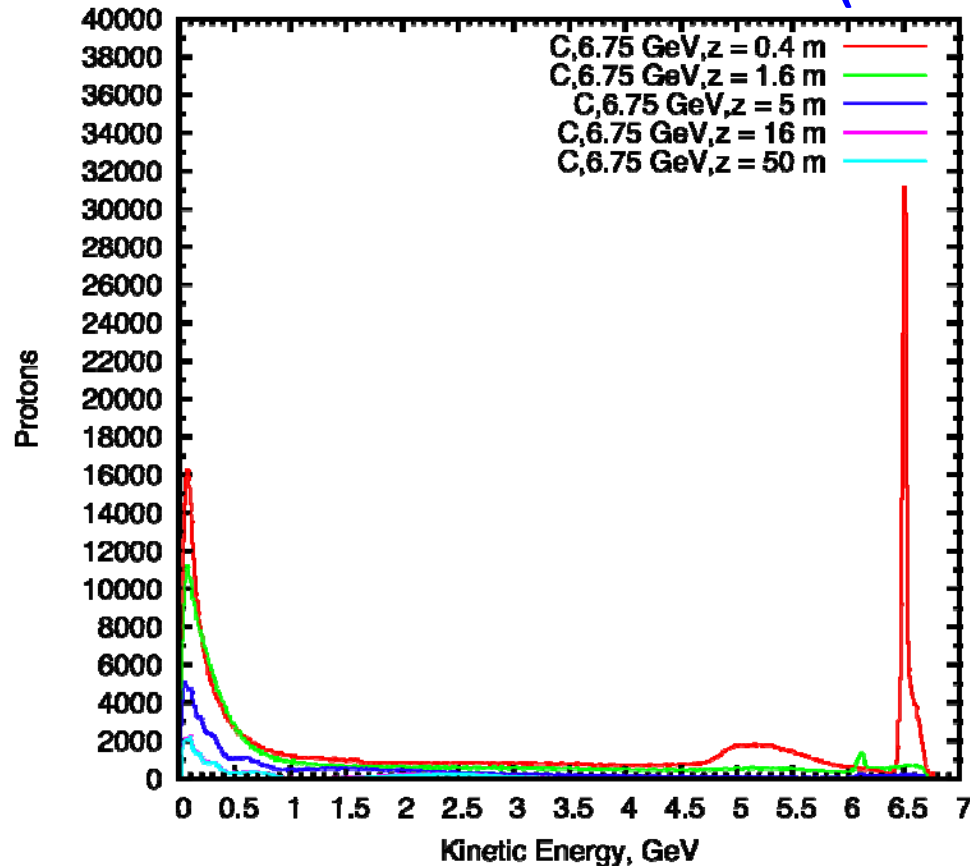
Beam angle: 65 mrad Co-linear target and beam TR/BR = 4

Beam dump rod ( $z = 40$  cm to  $z = 160$  cm, horizontal tilt: 33.7 mrad, vertical tilt: 54.28 mrad)

**The radius of beam dump is twice that of the target**

# Remaining Protons with Beam Dump

( $10^6$  events)



Target length: 80 cm ( $z = -40$  cm to  $z = 40$  cm) Target radius: 0.80 cm

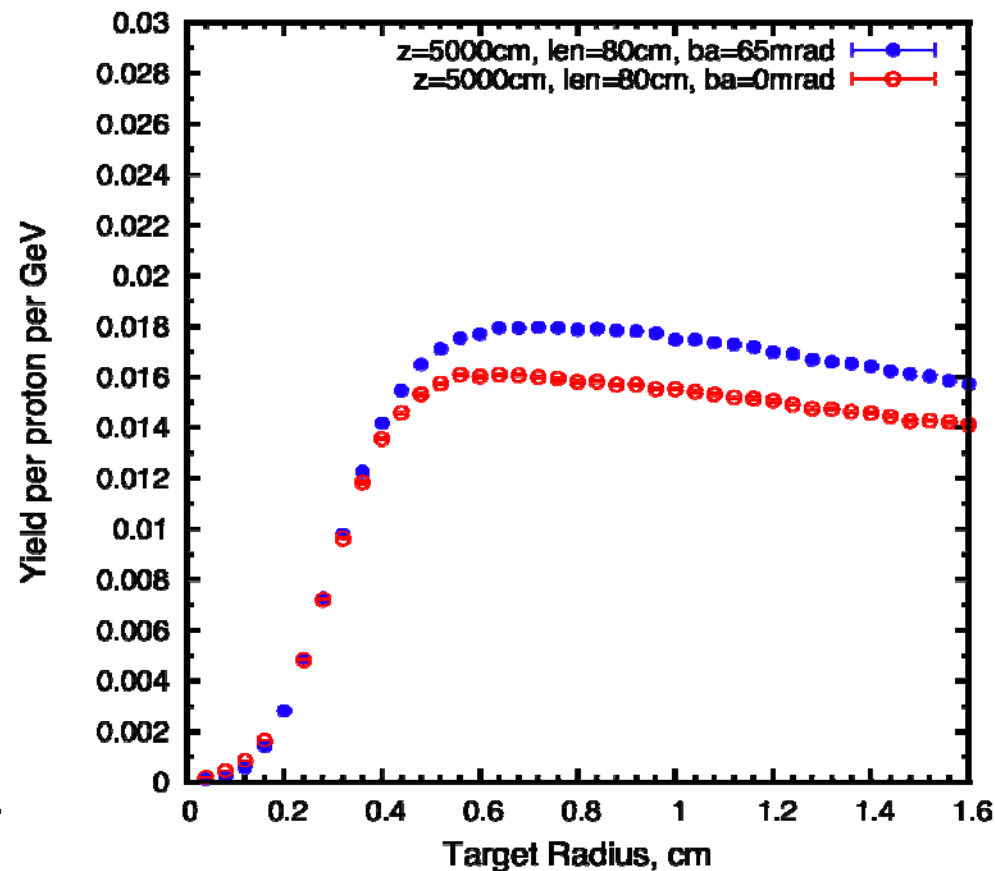
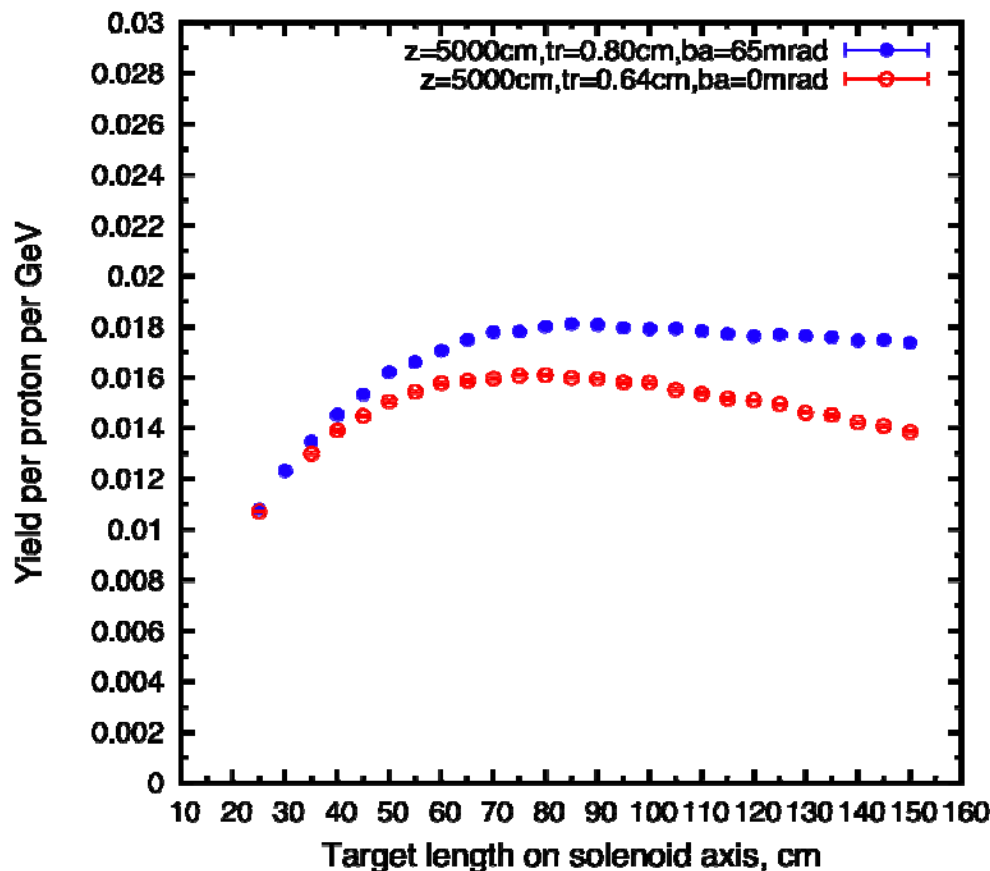
Beam angle: 65 mrad Co-linear target and beam TR/BR = 4

Beam dump rod ( $z = 40$  cm to  $z = 160$  cm, horizontal tilt: 33.7 mrad, vertical tilt: 54.28 mrad)

**The radius of beam dump is triple that of the target**

# Yield Comparison

(no-tilt vs. tilt of proton beam to SC axis)



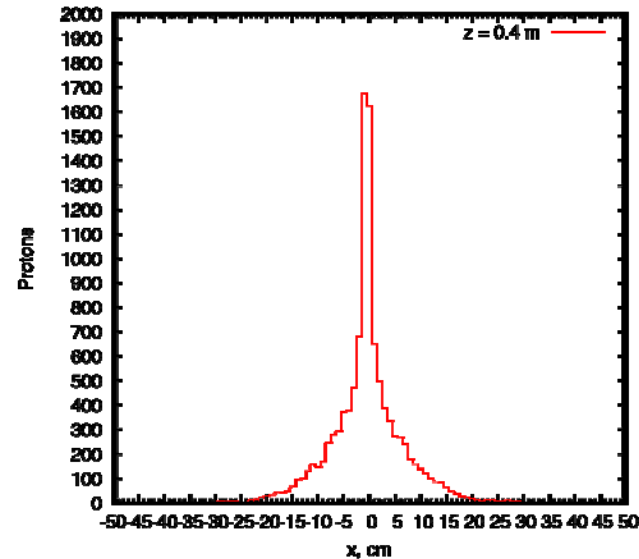
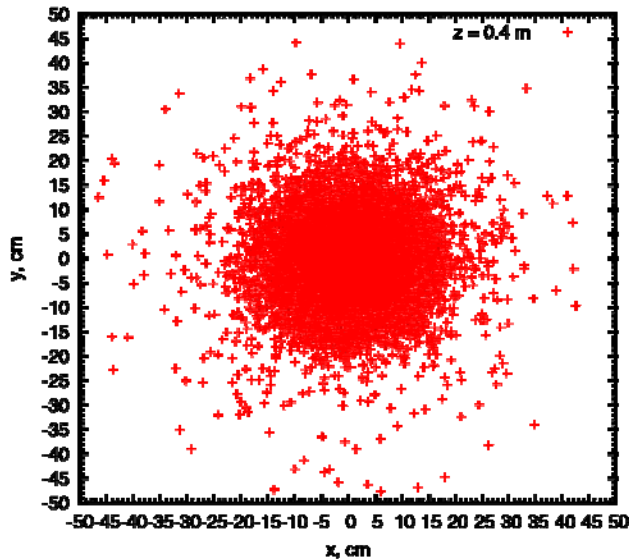
Optimized target length is 80 cm and target radius is 0.64 cm when beam angle is fixed at 0 mrad.

Co-linear target and beam. TR/BR = 4

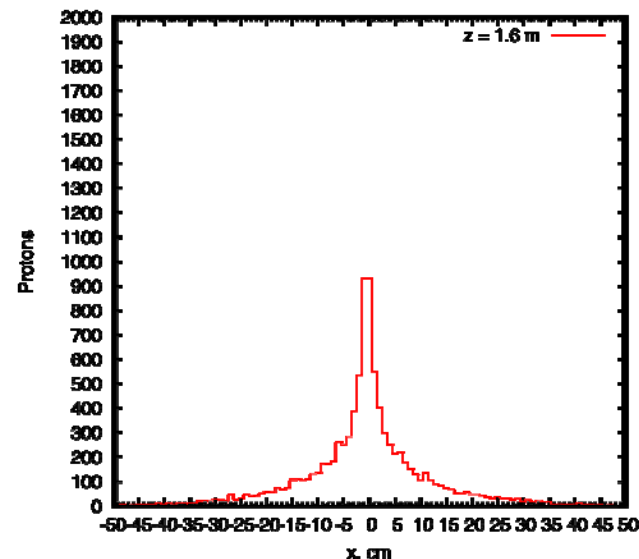
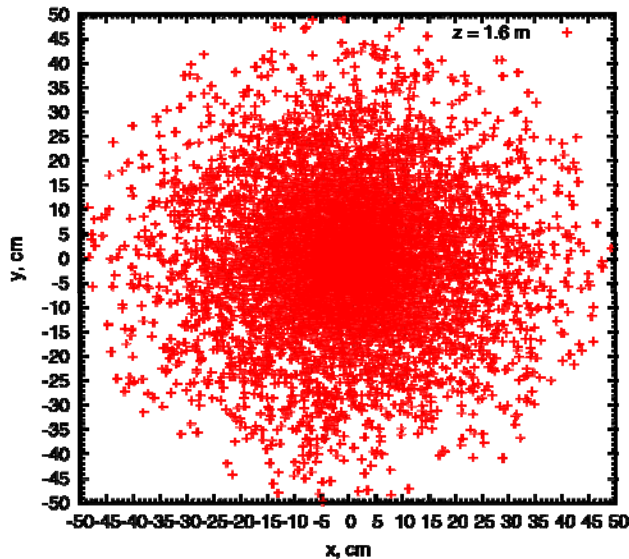
# Remaining Protons (KE > 0)

$10^4$  events, no beam dump, beam angle = 0 mrad

$z = 0.4$  m



$z = 1.6$  m

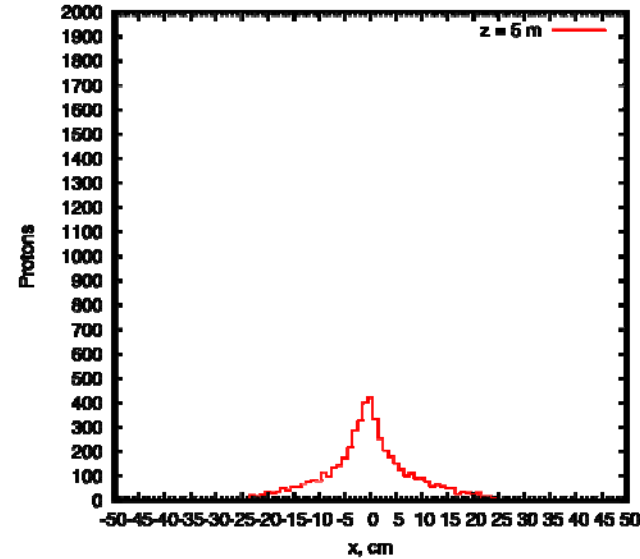
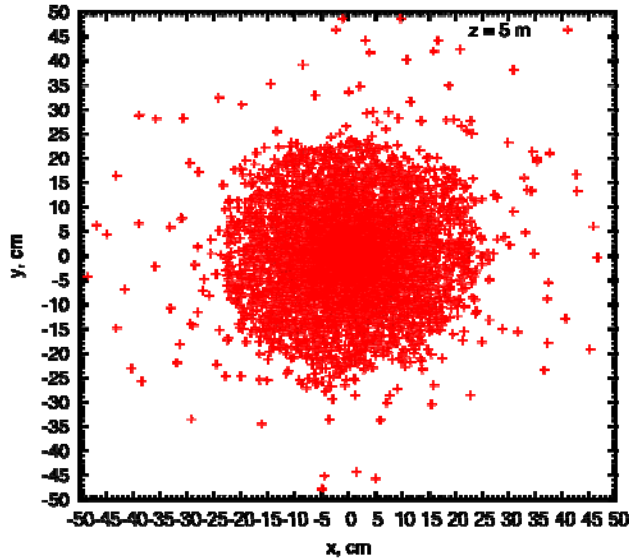




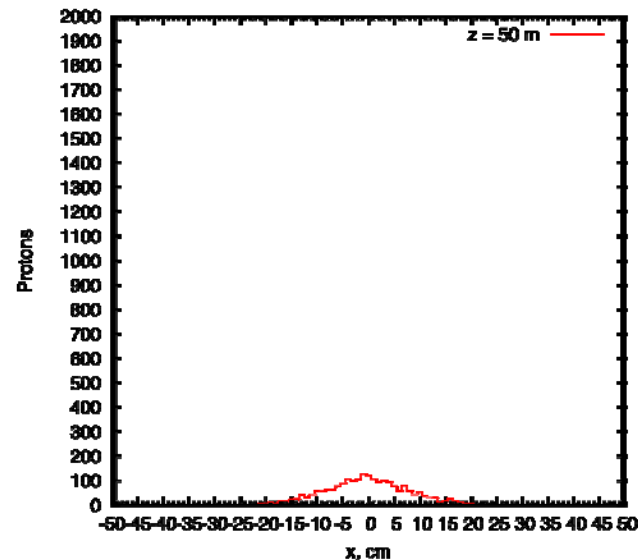
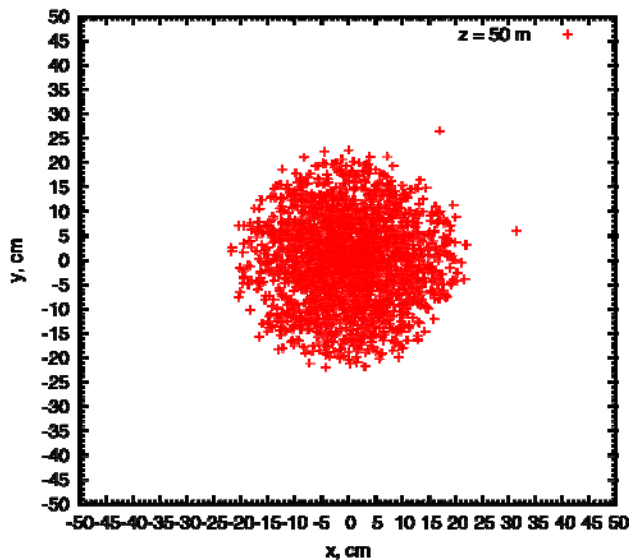
# Remaining Protons (KE > 0)

$10^4$  events, no beam dump, beam angle = 0 mrad

$z = 5$  m



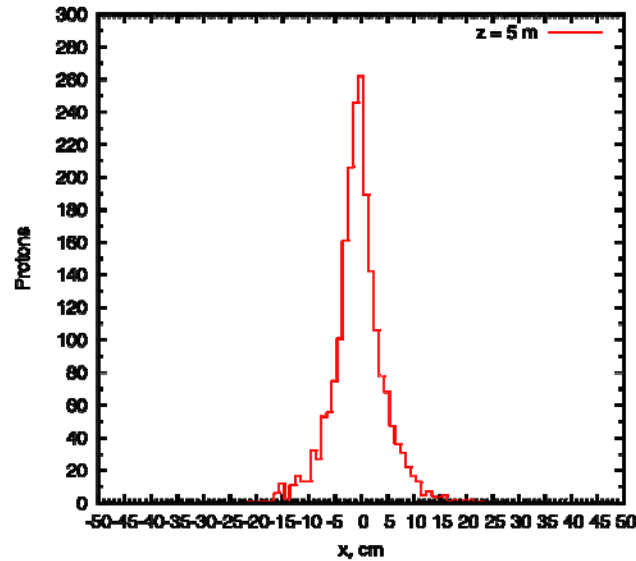
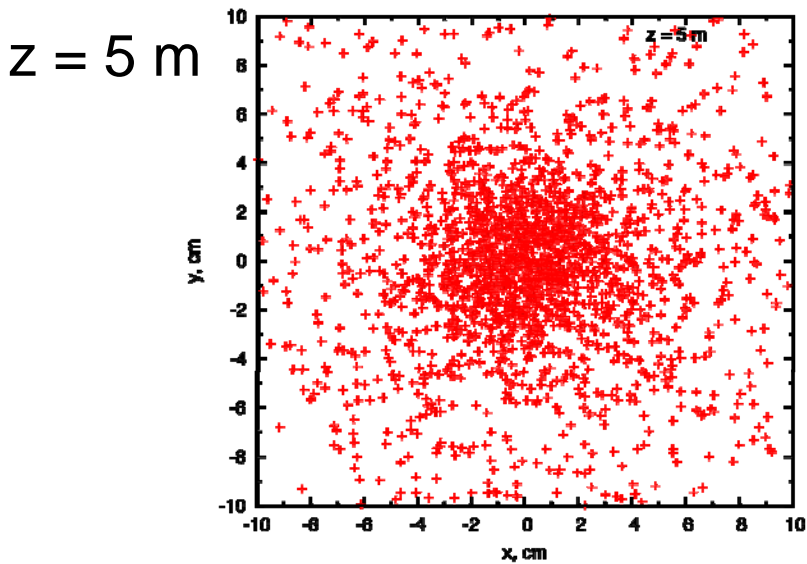
$z = 50$  m



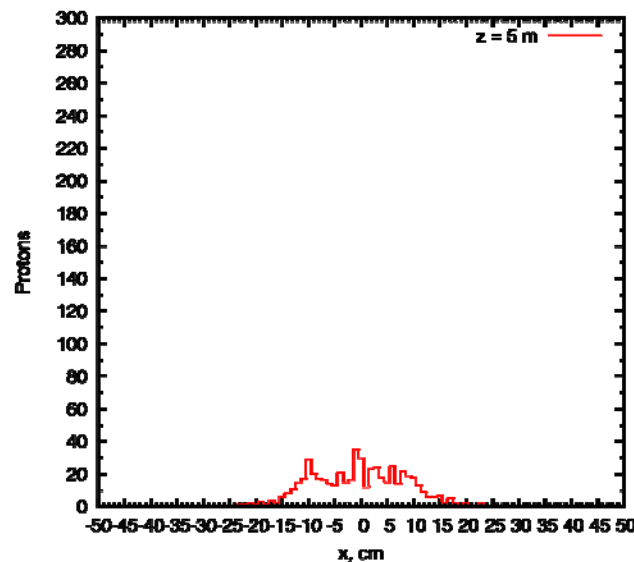
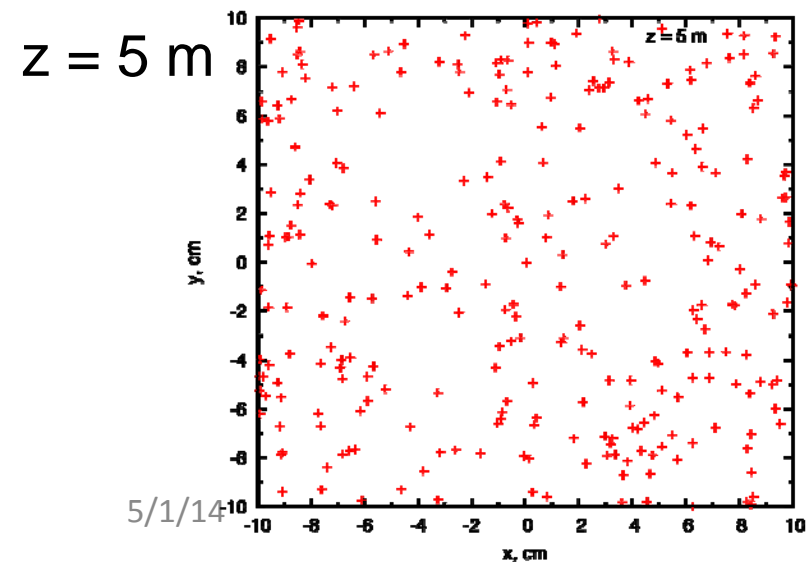


# Remaining Protons (KE > 6 GeV)

$10^4$  events, Beam angle = 0 mrad, target radius = 0.64 cm



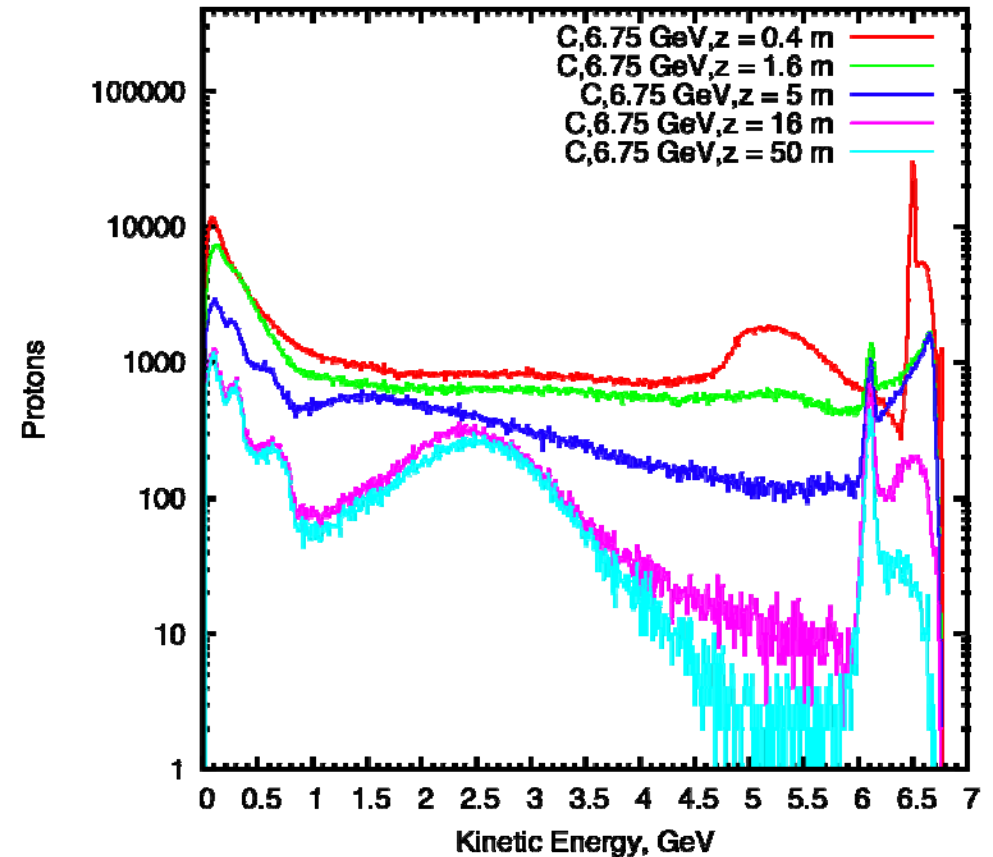
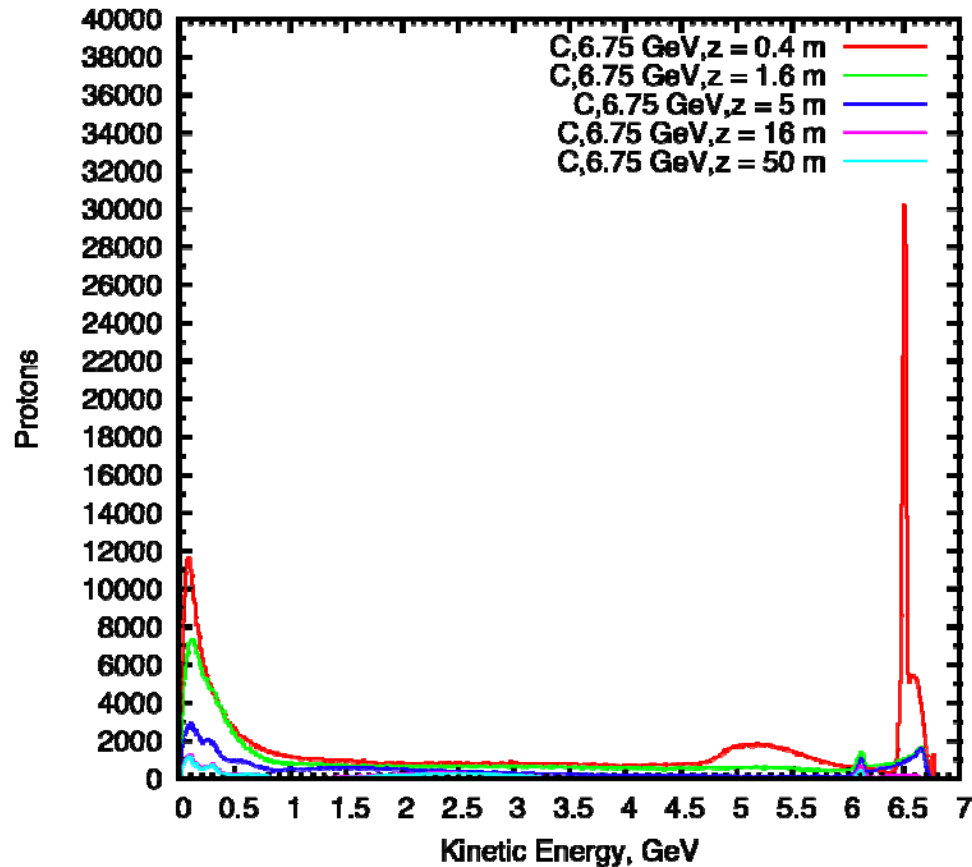
No beam dump



Beam dump:  
120 cm long ( $z = 40$   
to 160 cm),  
Triple of target radius

# Remaining Protons with Beam Dump

( $10^6$  events, Beam angle = 0 mrad)



Target length: 80 cm ( $z = -40$  cm to  $z = 40$  cm) Target radius: 0.64 cm

Beam angle: 0 mrad Co-linear target and beam TR/BR = 4

Beam dump rod is 120 cm long ( $z = 40$  cm to  $z = 160$  cm)

**The radius of beam dump is triple that of the target**

5/1/14 This plot shows a peak at 6-6.5 GeV for  $z = 50$  m.

# Counting (Carbon target) at $z = 5$ m

1MW beam ( $9.26 \times 10^{14}$  protons with KE of 6.75 GeV)

beam angle = 0 mrad, target radius = 0.64 cm

$L_{\text{dump}}$ (cm)	$R_{\text{dump}}/$ $R_{\text{target}}$	Total KE (protons) ( $r < 23$ cm) [Watts]	Total KE (non-protons) [Watts]	Protons KE>6 ( $\times 9.26$ $\times 10^{10}$ )	Protons KE>4.5 ( $\times 9.26$ $\times 10^{10}$ )	Yield at $z=50$ m ( $\times 9.26$ $\times 10^{10}$ )
0	0	265270	88258	2078	2310	1063.4
40	1	221590	92222	1543	1787	987
80	1	202506	90564	1419	1668	927
120	1	210141	87216	1452	1695	868.8
40	2	183241	90205	1213	1419	938
80	2	155798	85367	909	1114	780.3
120	2	149733	86754	870	1134	743
40	3	158241	91585	1044	1260	852.7
80	3	119851	85385	607	811	680.2
120	3	114139	81006	542	767	590

# Counting (Carbon target) at $z = 5$ m

1MW beam ( $9.26 \times 10^{14}$  protons with KE of 6.75 GeV)

beam angle = 0 mrad, target radius = 0.8 cm

$L_{\text{dump}}$ (cm)	$R_{\text{dump}}/$ $R_{\text{target}}$	Total KE (protons) ( $r < 23$ cm) [Watts]	Total KE (non-protons) [Watts]	Protons KE>6 ( $\times 9.26$ $\times 10^{10}$ )	Protons KE>4.5 ( $\times 9.26$ $\times 10^{10}$ )	Yield at $z=50$ m ( $\times 9.26$ $\times 10^{10}$ )
0	0	248364	88176	1885	2123	1052.2
40	1	189236	90497	1246	1486	984.5
80	1	173250	90986	1090	1348	933
120	1	164833	88743	1049	1256	840.3
40	2	159065	88299	993	1203	923.5
80	2	128899	86837	666	864	727
120	2	119276	83743	590	789	626
40	3	146394	87828	875	1061	778
80	3	108083	79873	474	643	684.6
120	3	90270	71746	324	507	545

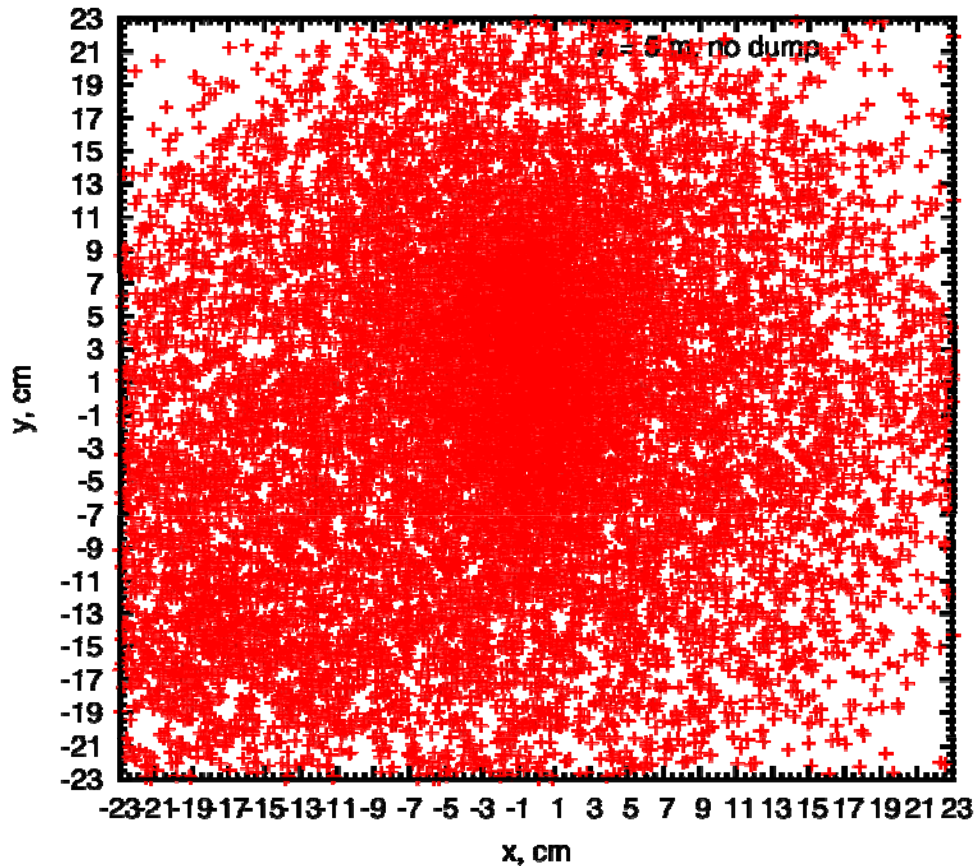
# Counting (Carbon target) at $z = 5$ m

1MW beam ( $9.26 \times 10^{14}$  protons with KE of 6.75 GeV)

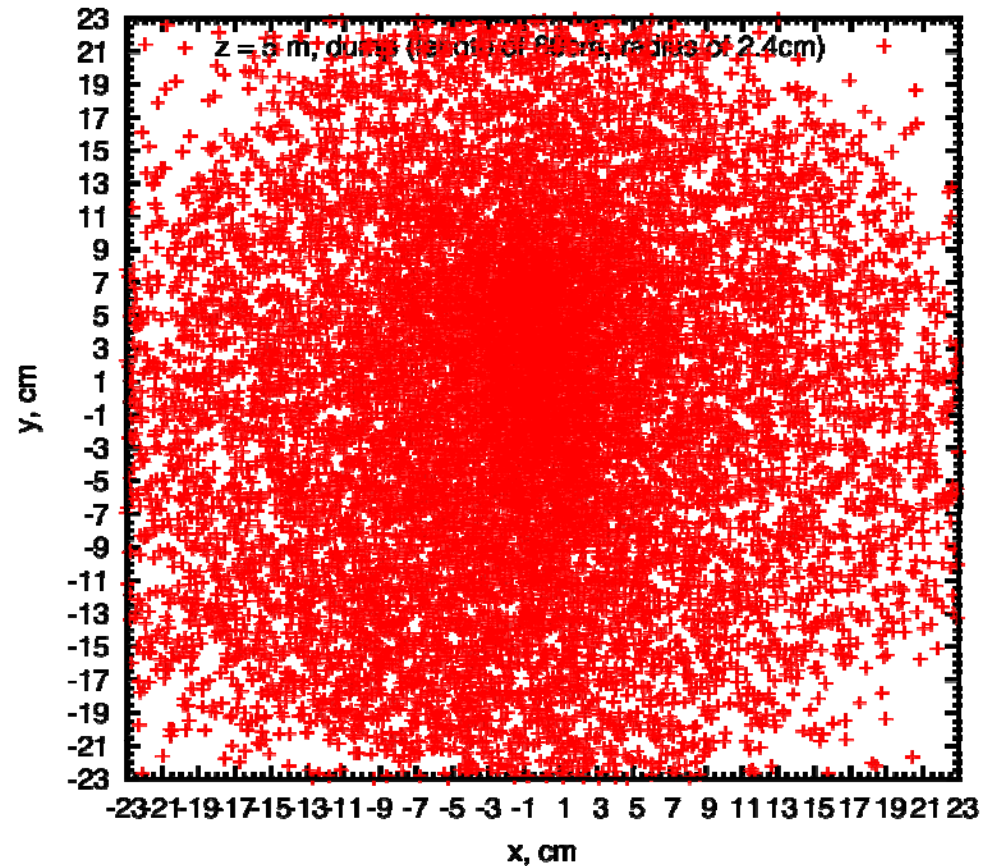
beam angle = 65 mrad, target radius = 0.8 cm

$L_{\text{dump}}$ (cm)	$R_{\text{dump}}/$ $R_{\text{target}}$	Total KE (protons) ( $r < 23$ cm) [Watts]	Total KE (non-protons) [Watts]	Protons KE>6 ( $\times 9.26$ $\times 10^{10}$ )	Protons KE>4.5 ( $\times 9.26$ $\times 10^{10}$ )	Yield at $z=50$ m ( $\times 9.26$ $\times 10^{10}$ )
0	0	88359	105454	301	532	1240.7
40	1	85504	105007	270	466	1268
80	1	88318	102577	318	520	1256.2
120	1	85932	100030	299	496	1230.1
40	2	77262	101664	207	400	1246.2
80	2	75493	97715	206	370	1196
120	2	78364	96967	204	374	1170.5
40	3	72615	101494	176	359	1084.5
80	3	64610	97569	112	271	1142.4
120	3	66430	94936	130	300	1134.6

# All charged particles at $z = 5$ m ( $10^4$ events)



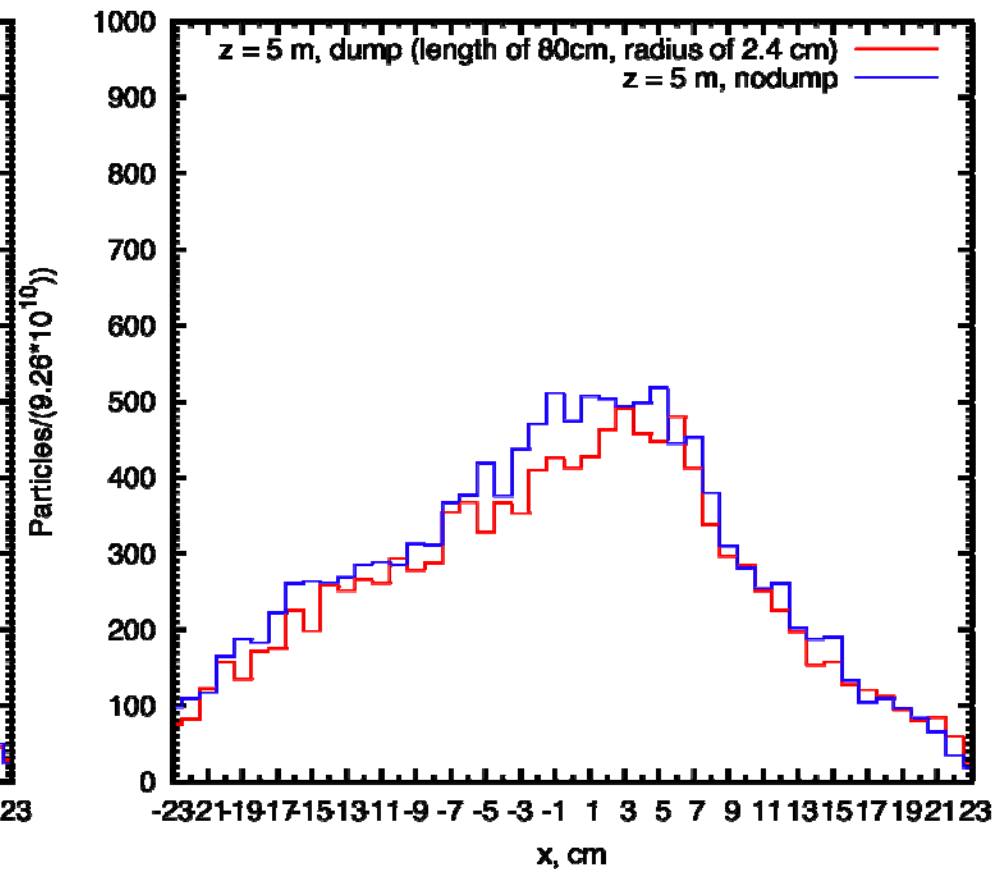
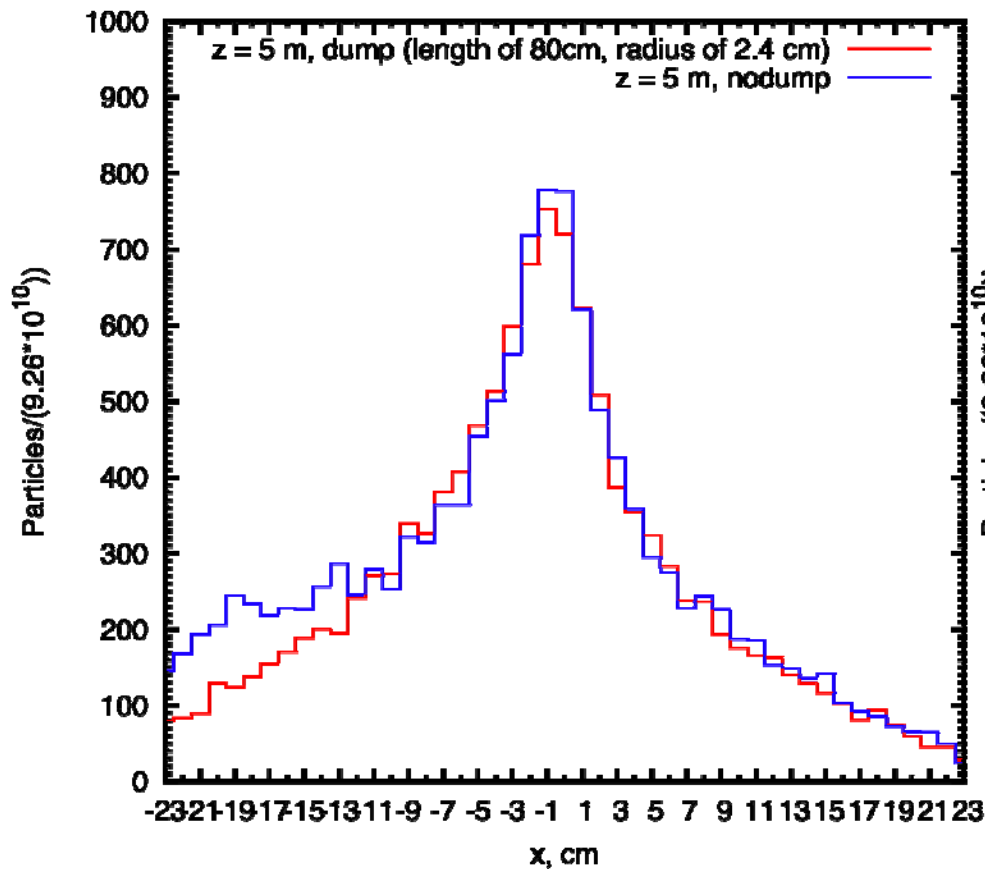
No dump



Dump (length of 80 cm  
long, radius of 2.4 cm)



# All charged particles at $z = 5$ m (1 MW proton beam)



# C, Hg, Ga targets, no dump

1 MW beam ( **$9.26 \times 10^{14}$  protons with KE of 6.75 GeV**),  
beam angle = 0 mrad, z = 5 m

Target length is 80 cm and target radius is 0.64 cm for C, 23 cm for Hg, and 40 cm for Ga

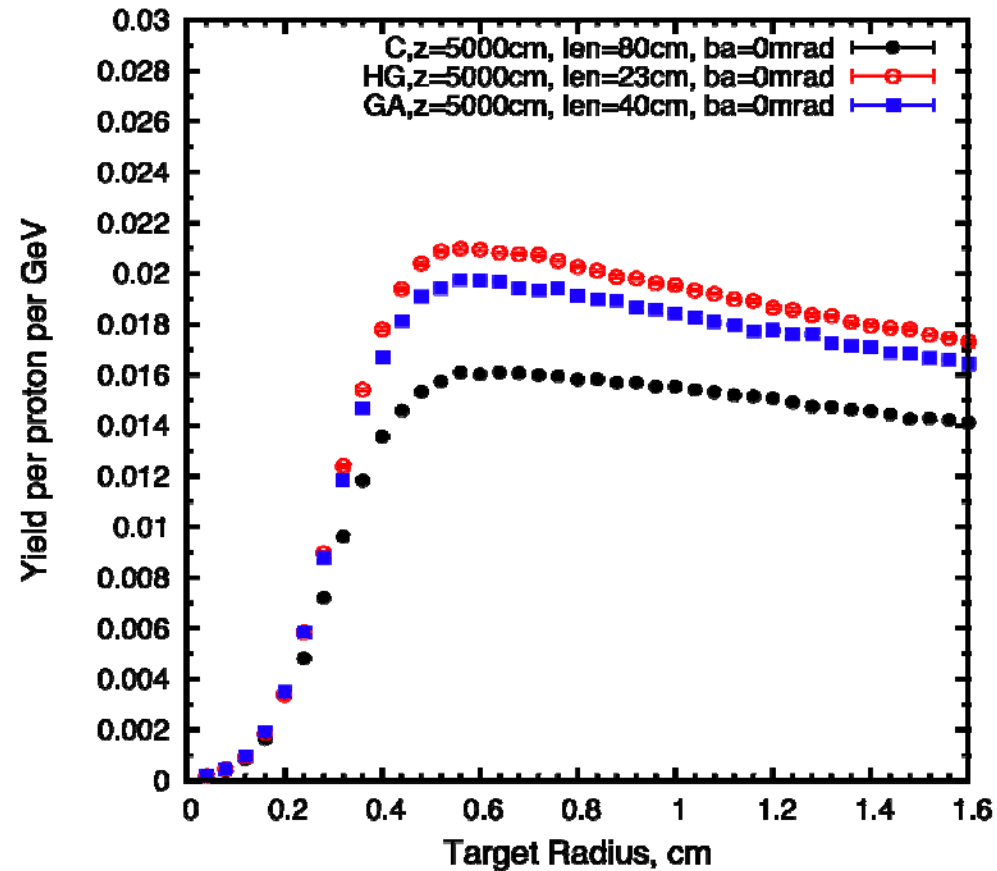
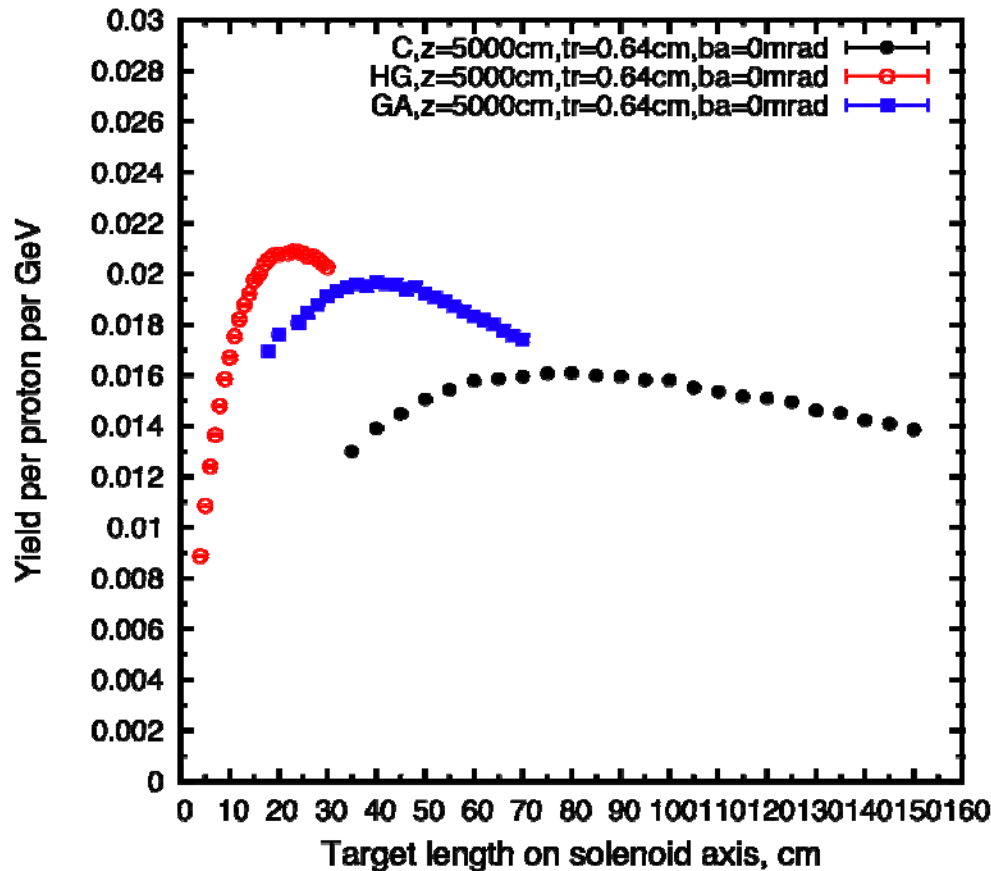
	Total KE (protons) ( r <23 cm) [Watts]	Total KE (non- protons) [Watts]	Protons KE>6 ( $\times 9.26$ $\times 10^{10}$ )	Protons KE>4.5 ( $\times 9.26$ $\times 10^{10}$ )	Yield at z=50m ( $\times 9.26$ $\times 10^{10}$ )
C	265270	88258	2078	2310	1063.4
Hg	217116	65898	1908	1974	1362.4
Ga	223972	84440	1818	1945	1288.7

Previous studies for Hg and Ga used a tilted beam such that higher energy protons were not counted, so the total power sent down the beampipe was  $\sim 1/2$  that seen here.



# Yield Comparison

(C, Hg and Ga targets, no tilt of beam to SC axis )



Optimized target length is 80 cm for C, 23 cm for Hg, and 40 cm for Ga.  
Target radius is 0.64 cm for all when beam angle is fixed at 0 mrad.  
Co-linear target and beam. TR/BR = 4

For yield comparison, Hg gives ~ 29.3% higher than C  
and Ga gives ~ 22.2% higher than C